



Name : Javed Ansari

Class / Div : 17 BAF / A Roll No.: 031

Article Title : पुलवामा हमला : रक्त काला दिन

14 फरवरी 2019 को जम्मू - कश्मीर के पुलवामा ने पूरे देश को हिला कर रख दिया था। इस हमले में सी आर पीएफ के 40 जवान शहीद हो गए थे और कई अन्य घायल हुए थे।

इस हमले की जिम्मेदारी पाकिस्तान स्थित आतंकी संगठन जैश-ए-मोहम्मद ने ली थी। इस हमले के बाद भारत और पाकिस्तान के बीच तनाव बढ़ गया था और दोनों ने रक्त-दूधरे पर हवाई हमले किये थे।

इस हमले की बाद भारत ने पाकिस्तान को मोस्ट फेवर्ड नेशन का दर्जा देने से इनकार कर दिया था और पाकिस्तान सामानों पर कस्टम इन्ही लगा दी थी।

आज पुलवामा हमले को हुए 5 साल हो गए और हमारे देश में आज भी लोग शहीद जवानों श्रद्धांजलि देने हैं मुम्बली लजलाकर और उनके बैनर लगा कर देते हैं।

आज भी पुलवामा हमले को याद किया जाता है और इसे भारत के इतिहास में रक्त काला दिन माना जाता है।



Name : Gupta Vanshika Anil

Class / Div : FYBAF , A Roll No.: 06

Article Title : The Black Day.

14 February, 2019 marks a dark day in Indian history known as the Pulwama attack. On this day, a Convoy of CRPF Soldiers was targeted by a Suicide bomber in pulwama, Jammu and Kashmir. The attack resulted in the loss of 40 brave Soldiers who sacrificed their lives in service to the nation. The nations mourned the loss of these heroes and stood in solidarity with their families and loved ones.

The Pulwama attack was condemned globally, with nations expressing solidarity with India and denouncing terrorism in all its forms. India responded to the attack with airstrikes on terrorist camps in Pakistan-occupied Kashmir, sending a strong message against terrorism. Memorials and tributes were held across the country to honor the martyrs and remember their sacrifice. The pulwama attack united the nation in grief and resolve, strengthening the collective determination to combat terrorism.

The Soldiers who lost their lives in the pulwama attack are remembered as heroes who made the ultimate sacrifice for their country.



Name: GUINAZ KHAN

Class / Div: FYBAF / A Roll No.: 003

Article Title: Valentine's Day

Valentine's Day, also known as the day of love and friendship is a celebration that is held every February 14 and varied in different places around the world. Every year we are bombarded related to this celebration as hearts, alluding to friendship and romances, among many other products.

In addition, its history goes back several theories; and should be emphasized that these are different theories, because by the age of some data, no documents that achieve determine a particular story for Valentine's Day.

Valentine is for many a "commercial" party, invented by department stores to get us to buy gifts. However, it can also be seen as a way to celebrate love and friendship around us and thank our VIPs support.

On this day we express our love to our friends, therefore this date friends around the world what usually held as: with gift exchanges, often go out for dinner, go to the movies, watch movie at home.



Name: Polanki Astha N.

Class / Div: FYJC - A

Roll No.: 001

Article Title: ૨૦૨૫ પ્રયાગ કુંભ મેળો

૨૦૨૫ પ્રયાગ કુંભ મેળો - કે જેને ૨૦૨૫ મહાકુંભ તરીકે પણ ઓળખાય છે. પ્રયાગરાજ, ઉત્તર પ્રદેશ, ભારતના ત્રિવેણી સંગમ ખાતે ૧૩મા જાન્યુઆરીથી ૨૬ ફેબ્રુઆરી ૨૦૨૫ દરમિયાન યોજનાર મહાકુંભ મેળોની સ્થાપતિ છે. કુંભ મેળોની સ્થા 'મિથુ' પુજાસ્થાપતિ અને ૧૪૪ વર્ષમાં એક વખતની ઘટના છે જે ૪૪ દિવસ સુધી ચાલશે. આ મેળોમાં કુલ ૪૦ કરોડ મુલાકાતીઓ આવવાનો અંદાજ છે.

કુંભ મેળો ભગમગ દર ૧૨ વર્ષે આવે છે. પ્રયાગરાજ, હરિદ્વાર, ઉજ્જૈન અને નાસિકમાં યોજાય છે. બાર વર્ષે આવી શકે તેવા મેળોને મહા મેળો કહેવાય છે. સમુદ્ર મંથન સમયે આશુવ ધોળકાના અમૃતના અમિ ઠોંટલા જ્યાં પડ્યા તે જગ્યા પર કુંભ મેળો બાર વર્ષે આવે છે.

મહાકુંભ મેળો વાદસો પવ ભગવાનની જીતનું પ્રતીક છે. ૨૦૨૫માં આ કાર્યક્રમ ૧૩ જાન્યુઆરીએ શરૂ થશે. દાંડ, અને ૨૬ ફેબ્રુઆરીએ સમાપ્ત થવાની ધારણા છે. આ મેળોવડામાં ભાગી મેળો ગંગા, યમુના અને રહસ્યમય સરસ્વતીના સંગમમાં સુનકી ભગાવે છે. આ સંગમનું પાણી હિંદુઓ દ્વારા પવિત્ર માનવામાં આવે છે, જે આત્માની સુધ્ધિનું પ્રતીક છે અને મોટા મેળવવાનો માર્ગ છે.

મહાકુંભ ૨૦૨૫ મેળોમાં ૪૦ કરોડ મુલાકાતીઓ, દાજરી આપે તેવા અપેક્ષા છે; તથા તેમાં અસરકારક, દર્શન, શાસ્ત્ર અને અન્ય દેવોના મુલાકાતી મહાનુભાવોની દાજરી હશે.

શાસ્ત્રી સંગમ કે પછી અમૃત સંગમ પીધે પુણિમાં, મહર-સકાંતિ, મૌની અમાવસ્યા, વસંત પંચમી, માધ પુણિમાં અને મહા વિષવાપીના અવસરે અનુક્રમે ૧૩, ૧૪ અને ૨૯ જાન્યુઆરી અને ૩, ૧૨ અને ૨૬ ફેબ્રુઆરીના રોજ યોજવાનું આયોજન છે.



Name: Sutar Diksha Nandkishor

Class / Div: FYTC / C Roll No.: 074

Article Title: Shivaji Maharaj

कडे रांगडे सहयाद्रीचे
जशी पहाडी छाती
जोश तांबड्या मातीचा
टिळा जणू लल्लाटी
शुणा दिव्य इतिहासाच्या अंगाशी ज्याच्या
अखंड राहो अभेद्य राहो महाराष्ट्र माझा...

श्राप इफावर पडे
पवाडे गाती हो गुणगान
वंदनीय ते शौर हुतात्मे
अन त्यांचे बलिदान
वीरांच्या त्या बलीदानावा मुजरा मानाचा.
अखंड राहो अभेद्य राहो महाराष्ट्र माझा..

नभी फडकते ध्वजा
यशाचा निनादतो डंका
अखंड राखू एकजूट ही
नको मनी शंका
पदोपदी आदर्श आमचा शिवशंभू राजा
अखंड राहो अभेद्य राहो महाराष्ट्र माझा..



Name : yadhava Monica Krishnamoorthy

Class / Div : C . XI FYJC . Roll No.: 41

Article Title : மகா சிவராத்திரி சிறப்பு பூஜை.

மகா சிவராத்திரி மகம் சந்திரமாதம் எனப்படும் கெய்வகாலத்தில் சதுர்த்தசி திதியில் கொண்டாடப்படுகிறது. சிறுது நாட்கள் பகல் பொழுதில் சிறப்பு வழிபாடும். சிறு நேரத்தில் நான்கு ஜபமாயிடுகலாம். அங்காரம். சிறப்பு பூஜை விசய்யப்படுவது வழக்கம்.

மகா சிவராத்திரி விருகம்: சிவராத்திரிய விருகம்களில் முதலாமாயானது சிவராத்திரி விருகம். அந்த சிவராத்திரி. 4 விருகம் 5 காலகப்படும். தித்திய சிவராத்திரி. மூல சிவராத்திரி. பா.ச சிவராத்திரி. மக சிவராத்திரி. மகா சிவராத்திரி என ஐந்து காலகப்படும். தித்தில் மூலி மகம் கெய்வகால சதுர்த்தசி திதியில் வழக்கமாய் மகா சிவராத்திரி திகழும் விசேஷமாயானது.

எண்ண மந்திரங்கள் 2 சீசரிக்கலாம்: சிவராத்திரி தினத்தில் நான்கு கால பூஜையின் பொது சிவபுராணம் படிக்கலாம். சிறுவாசகம், திருவிணையால் புராணம், சிவபிரபுலன் பத்திரிய கதைகள், புராணங்கள் படிப்பது நன்மை கரும்.

சிவபிரபுலனின் மந்திரங்கள் பிரதியாபிப்படி " ஓம் நமசிவாய "



Name: Sanskar . S . Pandey

Class / Div: F.Y.B.M.S - A

Roll No.: 002

Article Title: Maha Shivratri

Maha Shivratri, meaning "The Great Night of Shiva," is one of the most sacred and widely celebrated festivals in Hinduism. Observed annually on the 14th night of the dark fortnight (Krishna Paksha) in the Hindu month of Phalgun (February - March), this auspicious occasion is dedicated to honoring Lord Shiva, one of the principal deities of the Hindu pantheon. Shiva, also known as Mahadeva (the Great God), is revered as the destroyer of evil, the transformer, and the Supreme Consciousness that governs the universe. Maha Shivratri is not just a festival marked by rituals and celebrations; it holds deep spiritual, mythological, and cosmic significance. Unlike other Hindu festivals that are often celebrated during the days, Maha Shivratri is observed at night, symbolizing the victory of light over darkness, wisdom over ignorance, and the eternal nature of the Soul. Devotees around the world engage in fasting, night-long vigils (Jagaran), chanting of Mantras, meditation, and worship of the Shiva lingam to seek Lord Shiva's blessings.



Name : Bind Priyanka A.

Class / Div : FYJC - A

Roll No.: 46

Article Title : A Reason To Smile

God has given me a reason to smile

My dream has traversed more than a mile.

God has given me a reason to laugh

He has sustained my dreams more than a half

God has given me a reason to love

He has made me to soar like a dove.

God has given me a reason not to worry.

So what reason do I have to be weary?

God has given me a reason to wine

Here, I shall make merry and dine

God has given me a reason to rejoice

Serving him consistently is now my choice



Name: Patel Kartik J

Class / Div: FYJC - A

Roll No.: 59

Article Title: 'Maha Shivaratri'

'Maha Shivaratri' is one of the most important festivals of Hindus. Maha Shivaratri literally means the great night of Shiva or the night of Shiva. It is the festival celebrating the marriage of Lord Shiva and Goddess Parvati. Maha Shivaratri falls on 13th night / 14th day of Krishna Paksha of Phalgun month, according to the Hindu Calendar. It is celebrated with great enthusiasm all over India. Shiva balances the nature by acting as a God of destruction. During the Samudra Manthan, Shiva gulped the poison and all the Gods performed dance and sang hymns to keep him awake. This day is celebrated as the wedding day of Lord Shiva and Parvati.

On Maha Shivaratri, very early morning, Shiva Temples are flocked by devotees. Shiva devotees observe fast throughout the day and night. On this day, they perform various rituals by doing sindraabhishek and pour water and milk over the Shiva Lingam. Leaves of Bael tree are also offered. Religious songs and mantras are held. The devotees chant the mantra "Om Namah Shivaya".



Name: Divya Suryakant Pawar

Class / Div: FYBMS A Roll No.: 47

Article Title: Shivjayanti

शिवाजी जयंती

CHHATRAPATI SHIVAJI MAHARAJ is one of the bravest and most progressive rulers of India.

FOUNDER OF THE 'MARATHA SAMRAJYA'. He was a natural Born leader and a great warrior.

FEBRUARY 19 every year is marked as the Birth Anniversary of the Maratha King.

He is remembered for his ability to preserve ancient Hindu political traditions and court conventions. He also promoted MARATHI and SANSKRIT instead of Persian in his court administration.

Known for being a master strategist, Maharaj also won several wars against the Mughals, In 1674 he was formally crowned as 'CHHATRAPATI'.

Millions of people are still inspired by Shivaji Maharaj's ideas of Bravery, honesty & Self Governance.

-† SOME OF SHIVAJI MAHARAJ'S MOST INSPIRING QUOTES -†

-† Do not think of the enemy as weak, but do not also overestimate their strength.

-† Freedom is a boon, which everyone has right for.

-† Of All the rights of Women, the greatest is to be a Mother.

॥ जय जिजाऊ जय शिवराय...! ॥